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U. S. COAST & GEODETIC SURVEY
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#### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

R.S. PATTON ., Director

State: VIRGINIA

## DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Topographic | Hydrofraphic |

Sheet No. "A" LYDONIA

a. Little Machipago Inlet & Vicinity

Hog Island

Hog Island and Cobb Island

b. Great Machipongo Inlet & Vicinit

Cobb Island

19...34

CHIEF OF PARTY

Ray L. Schoppe

a. s. government printing applies sont

#### TOPOGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET

The Topographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.

Field Letter "A" LYDONIA

REGISTER NO. 6240

State_VIRGINIA
General locality - ROSTERN STORE D. Great Machipongo Inlet & Vicinity  a. Little Machipongo Inlet & Vicinity  a. Hog Island
Locality HOG ISLAND CODD ISLAND b. Cobb Island
Scale 1:20,000 Date of survey October 12-13 , 19 34
Vessel LYDONIA
Chief of Party RAY L. SCHOPPE
Surveyed by
Inked by D. H. KONICHEK
Heights in feet aboveto ground to tops of trees
Contour Approximate contour Form line intervalfeet
Instructions dated September 25 , 19 34
Remarks: Done for photo-topographic control and location of
hydrographic signals only.

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE U.S.COAST AND GEODETIV SURVEY R.S.PATTON, DIRECTOR

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT TO ACCOMPANY
TOPOGRAPHIC SHEET
"A" LYDONIA
1934

LITTLE MACHIPONGO INLET TO

Lat. 37° 19° 00° Long. 75° 45° 15° COBB ISLAND, VIRGINIA

U.S.C.& G.S.S.LYDONIA RAY L. SCHOPPE DOMDG. WORK ON THIS SHEET WAS DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH INSTRUCTIONS DATED SEPTEMBER 25, 1934 - PROJECT NO. H.T. 143.

A shore party from the LYDONIA landed at Cobb Island
Coast Guard Station on October 9, 1934 to build and locate
small hydrographic signals. The party consisted of five men
and the Officer in Charge. The motor sailer from the OCEANOGRAPHER and truck No. 158 were placed at the disposal of the
party. The personnel stayed at the Cobb Island Station for
the duration of the work.

Topography was done in connection with signal building and was for the purpose of locating signals, delineating shore line and photo-topographic control.

The work was completed on October 12, 1934, and the party returned to the ship.

The only prominent landmarks along the coast within the area of the sheet are Hog Island Light House, Hog Island Coast Guard Station and Cobb Island Coast Guard Station. The coast is low and flat and has no natural identifying characteristics.

U. S. Coast & Geodetic Survey Charts Nos. 1109, 1221 and 1222 show an Old Tower on Hog Island. This structure was destroyed during the August storm of 1933, and is gone completely. The dock indicated on Chart No. 1222 at the southern end of the Island no longer exists. Neither of these objects should be indicated on our publications.

Topographic control was based upon triangulation along the coast. Stations HOG, 1933, HOG ISLAND LIGHT HOUSE, GREAT MACHI-PONGO INLET, BLACK BEACON, 1934, PIG, 1933, and COBB ISLAND COAST GUARD CUPOLA, 1933, were the principal control points used. Other positions were used as checks, where convenient.

Work was done on an aluminum mounted sheet and control points were so abundant as to reduce errors to a minimum. No appreciable errors were encountered.

A 100 meter wire was used for measuring distances between plane-table set-ups.

The shore line at the southern end of Hog Island has receded about one-half mile, and the elevation at the extreme southern end of the island below the wooded area has been lowered almost to normal high water.

The delineation of the shore line on Pig Island and Cobb Island as shown on the current publication of U. S. Coast and . Geodetic Survey Chart No. 1222 has been altered considerably. A continuous beach line has been built up between the islands, and the general shape of the outer beach has been greatly changed.

FINIS

Souge Theloff

Approved and forwarded:

H. A. Seran, Comdr., C&GS., Commanding Ship OCEANOGRAPHER.

#### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

### LANDMARKS FOR CHARTS

			-	_	Norf	olk, Vir	lk, Virginia.			
•		November						r <b>27</b>		
CTOR, U. S. COAST AN The following determ intion given below, a	ined obje	GEODETIC SURVEY destroyed ed objects are prominent, can be readily distinguished from seaward from								
		_	٠. و		— <u>R</u>	ey LeSch	oppe -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Chief of Part	
DESCRIPTION Old Towar	POSITION									
	Latitude			Longitude			Datum	METHOD OF DETER- MINATION	CHARTS AFFECTED	
	37	25	D. M. meters 591.0	75	41	D. P. Meters	<b>€1927</b> €	scaled	1109,1221 1222	
Dock	37	22	1110.0	-	42	1078.0	1927	from	1222	
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A list of objects which are of sufficient prominence for use on the charts, together with a description of the same, must be furnished in a special report on this form, and a copy of such report must be attached by the Chief of Party to his descriptive report. The selection, determination, and description of these points are of primary importance.

The description of each object should be short, but such as will identify it; for example, standpipe, water tower, church spire, tank, tall stack, red chimney, radio mast, etc. Generally, flagstaffs and like objects are not sufficiently permanent to chart.